## **Article - Criminal Procedure**

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## §11–617.

- (a) (1) If a court issues a judgment of restitution under § 11-603 of this subtitle, the court may enter an immediate and continuing earnings withholding order in an amount sufficient to pay the restitution.
  - (2) The court may enter the order:
    - (i) at the sentencing or disposition hearing;
- (ii) when the defendant or child respondent is placed on work release or probation; or
  - (iii) when the payment of restitution is overdue.
- (b) Subject to federal law, the order of priority of execution of an earnings withholding order is:
- (1) first, an earnings withholding order issued under § 10-128 of the Family Law Article;
- (2) second, an earnings withholding order issued under this section; and
  - (3) lastly, any other lien or legal process.
- (c) (1) This subsection applies whenever a court orders an earnings withholding order under this section.
  - (2) On entry of the order, the clerk of the court immediately shall:
- (i) serve a copy on any current or subsequent employer of the restitution obligor, if known; and
- (ii) mail a copy to the restitution obligor at the last known address or place of incarceration or commitment of the restitution obligor.
- (3) A restitution obligor immediately shall notify the court, the Central Collection Unit, and the Division or Department of Juvenile Services of:

- (i) any objection to an earnings withholding order;
- (ii) the current home address of the restitution obligor;
- (iii) the name of the employer;
- (iv) the work address of the restitution obligor; and
- (v) any change of employer, home address, or work address of the restitution obligor.
- (4) An employer who is served with an earnings withholding order under this section immediately shall notify the court, the Central Collection Unit, and the Division or Department of Juvenile Services of:
- (i) any justification for the employer's inability to comply with the earnings withholding order;
- (ii) the home address of the restitution obligor on the termination of employment;
- (iii) information regarding the new place of employment of the restitution obligor; or
  - (iv) the employer's reemployment of the restitution obligor.
- (5) Unless the information has been provided to the court, the Division, Department of Juvenile Services, or the Central Collection Unit shall notify the court of a current or subsequent home address of the restitution obligor and the employer and work address of the restitution obligor.
- (d) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an earnings withholding order issued under this section shall:
- (i) comply with the requirements of §§ 10-128(a) and 10-129(a) through (c) of the Family Law Article; and
- (ii) set forth the obligations and responsibilities of an employer and a restitution obligor under an earnings withholding order and the consequences of violating this section.
- (2) Each amount withheld in an earnings withholding order under this section is payable to the Division, Department of Juvenile Services, or Central Collection Unit.

- (3) An earnings withholding order is binding on each present and future employer of the restitution obligor who is served with the order.
- (e) (1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, the payment amount under an earnings withholding order under this section is 20% of the earnings of a restitution obligor less other deductions required by law to be paid out of any funds earned under a work release plan.
- (2) If the restitution obligation of the restitution obligor is overdue, the court may impose a payment exceeding the amount allowed in paragraph (1) of this subsection.
- (3) (i) The amount of an earnings withholding order issued under this section may not exceed the limits of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act.
- (ii) The court shall reduce an amount of an earnings withholding order that exceeds the limits of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act to the maximum allowed under the Act.
- (f) (1) This subsection applies to a restitution obligor and the employer of a restitution obligor.
- (2) A person who violates this section is subject to a fine not exceeding \$250.
- (3) A fine collected under this section shall be distributed in the same way as costs are distributed under § 7-409 of the Courts Article.
- (4) In addition to a fine imposed under this subsection, an employer is liable for damages for the failure to deduct the earnings of a restitution obligor or failure to make a timely payment as required in the earnings withholding order.

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